UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(Mark One) OUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the quarterly period ended July 31, 2022 TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the transition period from __ to __ Commission file number: 000-56142 Everything Blockchain, Inc. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

Delaware	82-1091922
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification No.)
12574 Flagler Center Blvd, Suite 101	
Jacksonville, FL	32258
(Address of principal executive offices)	(Zip Code)

(904) 454-2111

Registrant's telephone number, including area code

(Former name and address, if changed since last report)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes 🗵 No 📋

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically every Interactive Data File required to be submitted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T (§232.405 of this chapter) during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit such files). Yes 🗵 No 🗆

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, a smaller reporting company, or an emerging growth company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer," "smaller reporting company," and "emerging growth company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer		Accelerated filer									
Non-accelerated Filer		Smaller reporting company	\boxtimes								
		Emerging growth company									
If an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with any new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.											
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is	a shell company (as defi	ned in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes□ No ⊠									

As of August 31, 2022, the Company had 9,699,966 shares of common stock, \$0.0001 par value outstanding.

Transitional Small Business Disclosure Format Yes □ No ⊠

Everything Blockchain, Inc.

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PART I – FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

Interim Consolidated Financial Statements and Notes to Interim Financial Statements

The accompanying unaudited consolidated interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the instructions to Form 10-Q. Therefore, they do not include all information and footnotes necessary for a complete presentation of financial position, results of operations, cash flows, and stockholders' equity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. In the opinion of management, all adjustments considered necessary for a fair presentation of the results of operations and financial position have been included and all such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Operating results for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022, are not necessarily indicative of the results that can be expected for the year ending January 31, 2023 or any other reporting period. The information included in this Form 10-Q should be read in conjunction with the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto included in the Company's <u>Annual Report on Form 10-K</u> for the year ended January 31, 2022 filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") on May 10, 2022 (the "Annual Report").

Everything Blockchain, Inc. Consolidated Balance Sheets (Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

ASSETS

		July 31, 2022	Ja	nuary 31, 2022
		(unau	dited)	
Current assets	¢.	200	¢.	1.062
Cash Accounts receivable, net	\$	299 63	\$	1,062
, and the second		103		11
Inventory Compart or introduction and				2 152
Current cryptocurrencies, net Prepaid expenses		1,000 2,766		3,152 2,918
Other assets		2,766		2,918
Total current assets		4,316		7,239
Property, plant and equipment, net		949		1,001
Goodwill		17,823		17,823
Intangible assets, net		3,680		3,119
Deferred income taxes		579		-
Other assets		463		463
Total assets	\$	27,810	\$	29,645
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY				
Current liabilities				
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	735	\$	744
Accounts payable related party	Ψ	-	Ψ	24
Current portion of long-term debt		282		282
Reserve for legal settlements		154		154
Deferred revenue		252		108
Total current liabilities	\$	1,423	\$	1,312
Long-term liabilities	Ψ	1,123	Ψ	1,512
Debt Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Set Se		255		271
Deferred income taxes		233		617
Total long-term liabilities	\$	255	\$	888
Total liabilities	\$	1.678	\$	2.200
	Ф	1,078	Φ	2,200
Stockholders' equity Series A Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value: 1,000,000 shares authorized; 200,000 shares issued and outstanding as of July 31, 2022				
and January 31, 2022 Series B Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value: 1,500,000 shares authorized; 400,000 shares issued and outstanding as of July 31, 2022		-		-
and January 31, 2022				
Series C Preferred stock, \$0.0001 par value: 2,000,000 shares authorized; 0 shares issued and outstanding as of July 31, 2022 and		-		-
January 31, 2022				
Common stock, \$0.0001 par value, 200,000,000 shares authorized; 9,699,966 and 8,604,038 shares issued and outstanding as of July		_		-
31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, respectively.		1		1
Treasury stock		(1,599)		(1,599)
Additional paid-in capital		82,943		80,134
Accumulated deficit		(55,213)		(51,091)
Total stockholders' equity	\$	26,132	¢	27,445
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	27,810	<u>\$</u> \$	29,645
Total flavillues and stockholders equity	Φ	27,010	Ф	29,043

Everything Blockchain, Inc.

Consolidated Statements of Income
(Amounts in thousands, except share and per share data)

	F	For the Three Months Ended July 31,				For the Six M July	Ended
		2022		2021	2022		2021
				(unau	dited)	_	
Revenue	\$	383	\$	259	\$	638	\$ 1,385
Cost of sales		56		24		71	24
Gross profit		327		235		567	1,361
Selling, general, and administrative		979		115		2,072	827
Stock based compensation		678		-		1,481	-
Depreciation and amortization		50		23		100	23
Total operating expenses		1,707		138		3,653	850
Income (loss) from operations		(1,380)		97		(3,086)	511
Other income (expense), net		(2,070)		2,445		(2,230)	2,796
Income (loss) before income taxes		(3,450)		2,542		(5,316)	3,307
Income tax benefit		782		-		1,194	-
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,668)	\$	2,542	\$	(4,122)	\$ 3,307
Basic and diluted income (loss) per share:							
Basic income (loss) per share	\$	(0.28)	\$	0.38	\$	(0.46)	\$ 0.52
Diluted income (loss) per share	\$	(0.28)	\$	0.28	\$	(0.46)	\$ 0.39
Weighted average shares outstanding - basic		9,412,664		6,649,188		9,045,439	6,325,407
Weighted average shares outstanding - diluted		9,412,664		8,948,026		9,045,439	8,441,939

Everything Blockchain, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity (Amounts in thousands)

		ed Stock		Comm				reasury		dditional Paid-in	Ac	ccumulated	Stoc	Total kholders' Equity
	Shares	Amount		Shares	_	Amount		Stock		Capital		Deficit	(1	Deficit)
						(unaud	dited))						
Balance – January 31, 2021	800	\$	-	5,974	\$	1	\$	-	\$	54,946	\$	(53,408)	\$	1,539
Stock issued	-		-	262		-		-		392		-		392
Stock issued for services	-		-	390		-		-		1,752		-		1,752
Stock issued for acquisitions	-		-	1,750		-		-		8,000		-		8,000
Warrant exercise	-		-	100		-		-		100		-		100
Issuance of Series A Preferred for														
services	50		-	-		-		-		2,000		-		2,000
Conversion of note receivable	(250)		-	-		-		(1,598)		-		-		(1,598)
Net income	-		-	-		-		-		-		3,307		3,307
Balance – July 31, 2021	600	\$	-	8,476	\$	1	\$	(1,598)	\$	67,190	\$	(50,101)	\$	15,492
			_		_		_		_					
Balance – January 31, 2022	600	\$	-	8,604	\$	1	\$	(1,599)	\$	80,134	\$	(51,091)	\$	27,445
Issuance of Series C Preferred	250		-	_		-				1,000				1,000
Conversion of Series C Preferred into														
common stock	(250)		-	561		-		_		-		_		-
Warrant exercise	`-		-	535		-		-		535		-		535
Stock based compensation	-		-	-		-		-		1,274		-		1,274
Net loss	-		-	-		-		-		-		(4,122)		(4,122)
Balance – July 31, 2022	600	\$		9,700	\$	1	\$	(1,599)	\$	82,943	\$	(55,213)	\$	26,132

Everything Blockchain, Inc. Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Amounts in thousands)

		For the Six Months Ended		
	2022		2021	
Cash flows from operating activities:	(ur	naudited)		
Net Income (Loss)	\$ (4,12	(2) \$	3,307	
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net	φ (τ,12	2) \$	3,307	
cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Stock based compensation	1,48	1	_	
Deferred income tax benefit	(1,19		-	
Reverse of bad debt	(1,17	<i>')</i>	(233)	
Realized net (gain) loss on investment in cryptocurrency	(5	(4)	85	
Loss on cryptocurrency impairment	(3	- -	16	
Fair value adjustment to cryptocurrency	2,20	6	(2,435)	
Amortization and depreciation	10		23	
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	10	U	23	
Accounts receivable, net	(5	1)	4	
Interest receivable	`	-	(32)	
Inventory		3)	(4)	
Prepaid expenses Other assets	`	(4)	(26)	
	`	3)	(2)	
Accounts payable to related party		0)	408	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		.5	(241)	
Deferred revenue	14		(93)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	(1,63	8)	777	
Cash flows from investing activities:				
Acquisition of cryptocurrencies, net		-	(268)	
Proceeds from sale of cryptocurrencies		-	74	
Acquisitions, net of cash received		-	(23)	
Capital expenditures	(60	<u>9</u>)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(60	9)	(217)	
Cash flows from financing activities:				
Payment to related party		-	(500)	
Proceeds from debt		-	266	
Payment of debt	(1	6)	-	
Proceeds from issuance of Series C Preferred Stock	· ·			
	1,00	0	-	
Proceeds from exercise of warrants	50	0	-	
Proceeds from issuance of stock, net		-	493	
Net cash provided by financing activities	1,48	4	259	
Net Change in Cash	(76		819	
Cash, beginning of period	1,06	/	-	
Cash, end of period	\$ 29		819	
Cash, chu of period	\$ 27	<u> </u>	017	
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flows Information:	Φ 2	7 0	2	
Cash paid for interest		7 \$	3	
Cash paid for income taxes	\$	3 \$	-	
Non-cash Investing and Financing Activities:				
Conversion of accounts payable to related party to common stock	\$ 3	5 \$	-	
Loan of cryptocurrency		-	500	
Cryptocurrency received for payment under contract		-	240	
Fair value of assets in acquisitions		-	9,433	
Fair value of liabilities assumed in acquisitions		-	791	
Accounts receivable settlement for Render Payment		-	233	
Conversion of note receivable in exchange for common stock and preferred stock		-	1,598	
Issuance of stock for services		-	1,110	
Issuance of Series A Preferred for services		-	2,000	
			, , , ,	

Everything Blockchain, Inc. Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements (Unaudited)

Note 1. Organization and Basis of Presentation

The accompanying unaudited consolidated financial statements of Everything Blockchain, Inc. and its consolidated subsidiaries (collectively, the "Company", "we", "our"), have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America ("GAAP") and the rules of the SEC. All significant intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation.

Description of Business

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of consulting and developing blockchain and cybersecurity related solutions.

Subsidiaries of the Company

On April 26, 2021, the Company became the sole owner of Render Payment, LLC ("Render"). On June 21, 2021, the Company acquired all of the equity interests of 832 Energy Technology Consultants, LLC ("832"). On June 30, 2021, the Company acquired all of the equity interests of Mercury, Inc. ("Mercury"). On July 31, 2021, the Company acquired all of the equity interests of Vengar Technologies LLC ("Vengar").

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Principles of Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly owned subsidiaries of Render, 832, Mercury, Vengar, and Everything Blockchain Technology Corporation.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the consolidated financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Management bases its estimates on historical experience and on various assumptions that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis for making judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The most significant estimates and judgments relate to revenue recognition; sales returns and other allowances; allowance for doubtful accounts; valuation of inventory; valuation and recoverability of long-lived assets; property and equipment; contingencies; and income taxes.

On a regular basis, management reviews its estimates utilizing currently available information, changes in facts and circumstances, historical experience and reasonable assumptions. After such reviews, and if deemed appropriate, those estimates are adjusted accordingly. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Revenue Recognition Policies

<u>Services revenue</u>. We generate services revenue via consulting services and software development. The Company is engaged in developing, engineering, and designing blockchain projects, to include platforms and cryptocurrencies for customers.

Subscription revenue. We generate revenue from subscriptions through staking of our current crypto assets. Our primary token being staked is a hybrid Proof of Work ("POW") and Proof of Stake ("POS") system. Stakers, in this particular token are paid inflation based both on the duration of the stake (contract length), as well as based on the volume / quantity of tokens staked. Rewards / interest / inflation are paid in the native token. We also participate in networks with POW consensus algorithms, through creating or validating blocks on the network. In exchange for participating in the consensus mechanism of these networks, the Company earns rewards in the form of the native token of the network. Each block creation or validation is a performance obligation. Revenue is recognized at the point when the block creation or validation is complete, and the rewards are available for transfer. Revenue is measured based on the number of tokens received and the fair value of the token at the date of recognition.

Product revenue. We generate product revenue through customized product development.

We recognize revenue when control of the promised goods or services is transferred to our customers, in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to be entitled to in exchange for those goods or services.

We determine revenue recognition through the following steps:

- · identification of the contract, or contracts, with a customer;
- · identification of the performance obligations in the contract;
- · determination of the transaction price;
- · allocation of the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract; and
- · recognition of revenue when, or as, we satisfy a performance obligation.

Concentration of Credit Risk and Significant Customers

Financial instruments which potentially subject the Company to a concentration of credit risk consist principally of temporary cash investments and accounts receivable.

Concentrations of credit risk with respect to trade receivables and commodities are limited due to the Company's diverse group of customers. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful accounts when events and circumstances regarding the collectability of its receivables or the selling of its commodities warrant based upon factors such as the credit risk of specific customers, historical trends, other information and past bad debt history. The outstanding balances are stated net of an allowance for doubtful accounts.

Revenues from one customer represent \$1.0 million of the Company's revenue for the six months ended July 31, 2021.

Our cash balances are maintained in accounts held by major banks and financial institutions located in the United States. The Company may occasionally maintain amounts on deposit with a financial institution that are in excess of the federally insured limit of \$250,000. The risk is managed by maintaining all deposits in high-quality financial institutions. The Company had \$0 and \$0.1 million in excess of federally insured limits on July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, respectively.

Our cryptocurrency balances are maintained in accounts held by institutions located in and outside the United States. The Company maintains amounts on deposit that often exceed coverage from third party insured limit of up to \$1,000,000. The risk is managed by maintaining multiple accounts with various accounts held in a cold storage wallet. The Company had \$0.8 million in excess of amounts protected by insurance on July 31, 2022.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Company includes in cash and cash equivalents all short-term, highly liquid investments that mature within three months of the date of purchase. Cash equivalents consist principally of investments in interest-bearing demand deposit accounts and liquidity funds with financial institutions and are stated at cost, which approximates fair value. The Company had no cash equivalents as of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022.

Basic and Diluted Net Earnings (Loss) Per Share

The Company follows ASC Topic 260 – Earnings Per Share, and FASB 2015-06, Earnings Per Share to account for earnings per share. Basic earnings per share ("EPS") calculations are determined by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of shares of common stock outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS calculations are determined by dividing net income (loss) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding plus the dilutive effect, calculated using (i) the "treasury stock" method for warrants and (ii) the "if converted" method for the preferred stock if their inclusion would not have been anti-dilutive.

Fair Value Measurements

The Company measures assets and liabilities at fair value based on an expected exit price as defined by the authoritative guidance on fair value measurements, which represents the amount that would be received on the sale of an asset or paid to transfer a liability, as the case may be, in an orderly transaction between market participants. As such, fair value may be based on assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability. The authoritative guidance on fair value measurements establishes a consistent framework for measuring fair value on either a recurring or nonrecurring basis whereby inputs, used in valuation techniques, are assigned a hierarchical level.

The following are the hierarchical levels of inputs to measure fair value:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments;
- Level 2: Other significant observable inputs (including quoted prices in active markets for similar instruments);
- Level 3: Significant unobservable inputs (including assumptions in determining the fair value of certain investments).

The carrying values for cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, other current assets, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, and deferred revenue approximate their fair value due to their short maturities.

Note 3. Going Concern

The Company's consolidated financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Because the business is new and has a limited history, no certainty of continuation can be stated. The accompanying financial statements for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared to assume that we will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

The Company has had historically negative cash flow and net losses. Though the year ended January 31, 2022 resulted in positive cash flow and net income, there are no assurances the Company will generate a profit or obtain positive cash flow in the future. The Company has sustained its solvency through the support of its shareholder Overwatch Partners, Inc. ("Overwatch"), which raise substantial doubt about its ability to continue as a going concern.

Management is taking steps to raise additional funds to address its operating and financial cash requirements to continue operations in the next twelve months. Management has devoted a significant amount of time to the raising of capital from additional debt and equity financing. However, the Company's ability to continue as a going concern is dependent upon raising additional funds through debt and equity financing and generating revenue. There are no assurances the Company will receive the funding or generate the revenue necessary to fund operations. The financial statements contain no adjustments for the outcome of this uncertainty.

Note 4. Intangible Assets

Intangible assets consist of the following:

	As of July 31, 2022					
		Gross Amount		Accumulated Amortization		Net Carrying Amount
				(in thousands)		
IP/Technology	\$	3,641	\$	-	\$	3,641
Non-compete agreements		82		43		39
Total Intangibles	\$	3,723	\$	43	\$	3,680

<u>.</u>	As of January 31, 2022					
		Gross Accumulated Amount Amortization		<u> </u>		Net Carrying Amount
			(in thousands))		
IP/Technology	\$	3,060	\$	-	\$	3,060
Non-compete agreements		82		23		59
Total Intangibles	\$	3,142	\$	23	\$	3,119

The Company's IP/Technology is still being developed so no amortization has been recorded. The non-compete agreements are amortized over two years.

Note 5. Cryptocurrency Assets

The Company transacts business with cryptocurrency assets. The Company records cryptocurrency assets as an intangible asset with infinite life. We classify cryptocurrency that have a market value and substantial liquidity as current intangible assets, which we value at fair market value in accordance with Statement No. 157. Cryptocurrencies that do not trade on a market or have limited liquidity are classified as non-current intangible assets and are recorded on a cost basis. The following chart shows our cryptocurrency assets (in thousands):

	Current Assets					
			As of			
		July 31, 202	July 31, 2022			
	Coin Symbol	·	FMV			
BTC ETH		\$	169 \$	\$ 272		
ETH			-	1		
GUSD			1	-		
HEX		8	330	2,879		
		\$ 1,0	000 \$	3,152		

During the three and six months ended July 31, 2022, the Company recorded in other income (expense), net fair market value expense adjustments of \$1.1 million and \$2.2 million, respectively. For the three and six months ended July 31, 2021, the Company recorded in other income (expense), net income related to cryptocurrencies of \$2.4 million and \$2.5 million, respectively.

Note 6. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment consisted of the following (in thousands):

	As of				
	uly 31, 2022		ary 31, 122		
Land	\$ 36	\$	36		
Buildings and building improvements	339		329		
Machinery and equipment	208		208		
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	77		69		
Computer equipment and computer software	247		238		
Vehicles	181		181		
	1,088		1,061		
Less: Accumulated depreciation	(139)		(60)		
Total property, plant and equipment, net	\$ 949	\$	1,001		

Note 7. Debt

On March 17, 2021, the Company entered into a loan agreement for \$500,000 with Epic Industry Corp ("Epic"), a wholly owned company of Michael Hawkins, the Company's Chairman of the board of directors. The loan was financed with \$500,000 of GUSD cryptocurrency tokens, a stable coin. The interest rate was 3% per annum. The Company paid off the loan during the quarter ended July 31, 2021.

As of July 31, 2022, Mercury's outstanding debt of \$0.5 million had a weighted average interest rate of 6.2%. The debt consists primarily of term loans and a line of credit with various financial institutions, and such debt is collateralized by the assets of Mercury. The debt has maturity dates ranging from 2022 through 2037.

Note 8. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company reports and accounts for its commitments and contingencies in accordance with ASC 440 – Commitments and ASC 450 – Contingencies. We recognize a loss on a contingency when it is probable a loss will incur and that the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. No loss contingencies have been recorded for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022 and 2021.

Note 9. Legal Proceedings

The Company may be subject to legal proceedings and claims arising from contracts or other matters from time to time in the ordinary course of business. Management is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation where the ultimate disposition or resolution could have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position, results of operations or liquidity.

Lawsuit - District Court of Travis County, Texas, 353rd Judicial District

On February 9, 2022, a plaintiff filed a lawsuit against numerous parties, one of which included the Company in the caption. The complaint failed to include the Company in any claim made in the complaint. The Company's verified denial was filed on March 17, 2022. The Company filed its motion to be dismissed from the case subsequent to its verified denial, and was summarily dismissed from the case on May 23, 2022. The Company filed its motion to the court for fees and costs compensated by the plaintiff. The plaintiff also included a subsidiary of the Company in its complaint - Vengar. The Company responded on behalf of Vengar with a motion to dismiss Vengar from the suit, with a corresponding request for attorney fees and costs.

Lawsuit - District Court of Clark County, Nevada; United States District Court for the District of Nevada

On June 1, 2022, plaintiff Apex Operations, LLC et. al. filed a lawsuit which included the Company as a defendant. On July 20, 2022, the Company filed a Notice of Removal to Federal Court, which was granted by the court. Currently, all further actions for the dispute will be brought to the United State District Court for the District of Nevada. On August 24, 2022, counsel for the plaintiff advised local counsel for the Company that the plaintiff will be voluntarily dismissing the Company.

Note 10. Related Parties and Related Party Transactions

Related party balance sheet items (in thousands)

Related party balance sheet items (in thousands)			
	As of July 3 2022	As of July 31, 2022	
Prepaid expenses	\$ 2	,000	\$ 2,000
Accounts payable and accrued expenses		-	24
Loans receivable		6	-
Loans payable		-	24

Related party income statement items (in thousands)

	For the Three Months Ended July 31,					For the Six Months Ended July 31,				
	2022			2021		2022		2021		
Consulting expenses	\$	30	\$	-	\$	60	\$	-		
Stock based compensation		575		-		1,150		-		
Payroll expenses		144		-		339		114		

During the quarter ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 50,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock to Epic. The issuance was done as a prepayment for services to generate sales for the Company. The shares are earned as sales generated by Epic achieve certain sales targets.

Note 11. Stockholders' Equity

Common Stock

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, the Company had 200,000,000 common shares authorized, with 9,699,966 and 8,604,038 common shares at a par value of \$0.0001 issued and outstanding, respectively.

On April 19, 2022, two warrants were exercised for a total of 500,000 shares of common stock resulting in the Company receiving \$0.5 million.

On June 3, 2022, the Law Offices of Carl G. Hawkins exercised their warrant acquiring 35,000 shares at the strike price of \$1.00 per share through the conversion of the accounts payable owed by the Company for services provided. The shares were issued in the name of Carl G. Hawkins.

During the three months ended July 31, 2022, stock based compensation expense related to stock grants was \$9,000, which consisted of grants to employee of \$75,000 and consultants of \$14,000. During the six months ended July 31, 2022, stock based compensation expense related to stock grants was \$06,000, which consisted of grants to employee of \$150,000 and consultants of \$56,000. During the three and six months ended July 31, 2021, there was no stock based compensation expense associated with stock grants.

Preferred Stock

Series A Preferred Stock

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, the Company had1 million Series A Preferred shares, par value \$0.0001, authorized, with 200,000 Series A Preferred shares issued and outstanding. The Series A Preferred stock converts into common stock at the option of the holder of the Series A Preferred. The conversion rate for every 1 share of Series A Preferred stock is 50 shares of common stock. Each share of Series A Preferred stock entitles the holder to 1,000 votes. Holders of Series A Preferred are entitled to share ratably in dividends, if any are declared. There are no redemption rights. In the event of dissolution, the holders of Series A Preferred are entitled to share pro rata all assets remaining after payment in full of all liabilities.

During the quarter ended July 31, 2021, the Company issued 50,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock to Epic. The issuance was done as a prepayment for services to generate sales for the Company. The shares are earned as sales generated by Epic achieve certain sales targets.

Effective April 17, 2022, 150,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock are eligible to be converted into common stock at the option of the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock. Effective June 16, 2023, the remaining 50,000 shares of Series A Preferred Stock will be eligible to be converted into common stock at the option of the holder of the Series A Preferred Stock.

Series B Preferred Stock

As of July 31, 2022 and January 31, 2022, the Company had1.5 million Series B Preferred shares, par value \$0.0001, authorized, with 400,000 Series B Preferred shares issued and outstanding. The Series B Preferred stock converts into common stock at the option of the holder of the Series B Preferred, after twenty-four months of ownership. The conversion rate for every 1 share of Series B Preferred stock is 10 shares of common stock. Each share of Series B Preferred stock entitles the holder to 100 votes. Holders of Series B Preferred are entitled to share ratably in dividends, if any are declared. There are no redemption rights. In the event of dissolution, the holders of Series B Preferred are entitled to share pro rata all assets remaining after payment in full of all liabilities.

Effective April 29, 2022, all shares of Series B Preferred Stock are eligible to be converted into common stock at the option of the holder of the Series B Preferred Stock.

Series C Preferred Stock

As of July 31, 2022, the Company had 2 million Series C Preferred shares, par value \$0.0001, authorized, with no Series C Preferred shares issued and outstanding.

On March 17, 2022, the Board approved the conversion of 2,000,000 shares of blank check preferred stock into 2,000,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001. The Series C Preferred Stock shall rank senior to the Company's common stock, Series A Preferred Stock, and Series B Preferred Stock. Each holder of Series C Preferred Stock is entitled to one (1) vote for each share of Series C Preferred Stock held on all matters submitted to a vote of stockholders. Each share of Series C Preferred Stock shall be convertible, at the discretion of the holders, after six months of ownership, into shares of common stock. The number of common shares issued shall be at the rate of 30% less than the volume-weighted average price or \$5.00 per share whichever is less.

On April 19, 2022, the Company sold 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock for \$1.0 million. Effective October 19, 2022, all shares of Series C Preferred Stock will be eligible to be converted into common stock at the option of the holder of the Series C Preferred Stock.

On June 14, 2022, our board of directors approved the early conversion of 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock into 560,928 shares of common stock.

Note 12. Warrants

On April 19, 2022, two warrants were exercised for a total of 500,000 shares of common stock resulting in the Company receiving \$0.5 million.

On April 19, 2022, the holder of the 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock received a warrant to purchase 25,000 shares of common stock at the price of \$9.00 per share.

On June 3, 2022, the Law Offices of Carl G. Hawkins exercised their warrant acquiring 35,000 shares at the strike price of \$1.00 per share through the conversion of the accounts payable owed by the Company for services provided. The shares were issued in the name of Carl G. Hawkins.

On June 15, 2022, a former employee's warrants for 125,000 shares of common stock expired, which was three months after they left the Company.

A summary of warrant activity for six months ended July 31, 2022 is as follows:

	Shares	Av Con	eighted verage nversion Price
Warrants outstanding at January 31, 2022	4,991,000	\$	2.83
Expired	(125,000)		6.00
Exercised	(535,000)		1.00
Granted	25,000		9.00
Warrants outstanding at July 31, 2022	4,356,000	\$	3.00

During the three months ended July 31, 2022, stock based compensation expense related to warrant grants was \$89,000, which consisted of grants to employees of \$317,000, directors of \$209,000, and consultants of \$63,000. During the six months ended July 31, 2022, stock based compensation expense related to warrant grants was \$,274,000, which consisted of grants to employees of \$724,000, directors of \$418,000, and consultants of \$132,000. During the three and six months ended July 31, 2021, there was no stock based compensation expense associated with warrant grants.

Note 13. Income Taxes

Our consolidated effective income tax rate for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022 was 3%.

Note 14. Net Income (Loss) Per Common Share

	For the Three Months Ended July 31,					For the Six Months Ende July 31,			
	2022		2021		2022			2021	
				thousands, exce	cept per share data)				
Numerator:									
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,668)	\$	2,542	\$	(4,122)	\$	3,307	
Denominator:									
Weighted average common shares outstanding		9,413		6,649		9,045		6,325	
Effect of dilutive securities:									
Warrants		-		2,299		-		2,117	
Preferred stock		-		-		-		-	
Diluted shares outstanding		9,413		8,948		9,045		8,442	
Basic: Net income (loss) per common share	\$	(0.28)	\$	0.38	\$	(0.46)	\$	0.52	
Diluted: Net income (loss) per common share	\$	(0.28)	\$	0.28	\$	(0.46)	\$	0.39	

Note 15. Subsequent Events

Sale of Vehicle

On August 11, 2022, our board of directors approved the sale of our 2021 Cadillac Escalade to Eric Jaffe, our former chief executive officer and current board member, for \$91,983. Mr. Jaffe paid for the vehicle with 26,662 shares of his Company common stock.

Sale of HEX

On August 14, our board of directors approved the sale of 10 million HEX tokens to Michael Hawkins for \$\\$50,000.

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

You should read the following discussion and analysis of our financial condition, results of operations and cash flows in conjunction with our consolidated financial statements and the related notes presented in this report and in our Annual Report.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Certain statements in this section contain "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. All statements contained in this report and not clearly historical in nature are forward-looking, and the words "may," "will," "should," "could," "would," "expects," "plans," "anticipates," "believes," "estimates," "projects," "predicts," "intends," "potential," and similar expressions (as well as other words or expressions referencing future events, conditions or circumstances) generally are intended to identify forward-looking statements. Any statements in this report that are not historical facts are forward-looking statements. Actual results may differ materially from those discussed from time to time in the Company's SEC filings. The Company undertakes no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement for events or circumstances after the date on which such statement is made except as required by law.

OVERVIEW

The overview of the MD&A highlights selected information and does not contain all of the information that is important to readers of this Quarterly Report on Form 10Q.

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of consulting and developing blockchain and cybersecurity related solutions. Our technology platform provides the building blocks to power blockchain-related applications for organizations seeking to tap into the benefits of blockchain to solve critical business issues. Our patent--pending advances in blockchain engineering deliver the essential elements needed for real-world business use: speed, security, and energy efficiency. Currently, our lines of business are EB Advise, EB Build and EB Control.

On June 21, 2021, we acquired all of the equity interests of 832. On June 30, 2021, we acquired all of the equity interests of Mercury. On July 31, 2021, we acquired all of the equity interests of Vengar.

Our website can be found at www.everythingblockchain.io, which is not incorporated as part of this Form 10Q.

EMPLOYEES AND CONSULTANTS

As of July 31, 2022, the Company has 24 employees.

Available Information

All reports of the Company filed with the SEC are available free of charge through the SEC's website at www.sec.gov. In addition, the public may read and copy materials filed by the Company at the SEC's Public Reference Room located at 100 F Street, N.E., Washington, D.C. 20549. The public may also obtain additional information on the operation of the Public Reference Room by calling the Commission at 1-800-SEC-0330.

Factors Affecting Comparability of Financial Information

Our historical results of operations for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022, may not be comparable with our results of operations for the three and six months ended July 31, 2021, for the reasons discussed below.

832's operations are included in our historical operating results as of June 21, 2021. Mercury's operations are included in our historical operating results as of July 1, 2021. Vengar's operations are included in our historical operating results as of August 1, 2021.

Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our financial statements, which have been prepared in accordance with GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate our estimates, including those related to uncollectible receivables, inventory valuation, deferred compensation and contingencies.

We base our estimates on historical performance and on various other assumptions that we believe to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates allow us to make judgments about the carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. If actual results or events differ materially from those contemplated by us in making these estimates, our reported financial condition and results of operations for future periods could be materially affected.

Results of Operations

Our operating results for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022 and 2021 are summarized as follows:

	For the Three Months Ended July 31,				For t	he Six Mont	hs End	Ended July 31,	
		2022		2021		2022		2021	
		(in thou				<u> </u>			
Revenue	\$	383	\$	259	\$	638	\$	1,385	
Cost of sales		56		24		71		24	
Gross profit		327		235		567		1,361	
Selling, general, administrative		979		115		2,072		827	
Stock based compensation		678		-		1,481		-	
Depreciation and amortization		50		23		100		23	
Total operating expenses		1,707		138		3,653		850	
Income (loss) from operations		(1,380)		97		(3,086)		511	
Other income (expense), net		(2,070)		2,445		(2,230)		2,796	
Income (loss) before income taxes		(3,450)		2,542		(5,316)		3,307	
Income tax benefit		782		<u>-</u>		1,194		<u> </u>	
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,668)	\$	2,542	\$	(4,122)	\$	3,307	

Revenue

Revenue for the three months ended July 31, 2022 was \$0.4 million as compared to \$0.3 million for the three months ended July 31, 2021. Revenue for the three months ended July 31, 2022 primarily consisted of \$196,000 from consulting services, \$158,000 from product revenue, and \$24,000 from staking of cryptocurrency. Revenue for the three months ended July 31, 2021 primarily consisted of \$168,000 from consulting services, \$47,000 from product revenue, and \$43,000 from staking of cryptocurrency.

Revenue for the six months ended July 31, 2022 was \$0.6 million as compared to \$1.4 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. Revenue for the six months ended July 31, 2022 primarily consisted of \$411,000 from consulting services, \$171,000 from product revenue, and \$51,000 from staking of cryptocurrency. Revenue for the six months ended July 31, 2021 primarily consisted of \$1.2 million from consulting services, \$130,000 from staking of cryptocurrency, and \$47,000 from product revenue.

Cost of Sales

Cost of sales for the three months ended July 31, 2022 was \$56,000 as compared to \$24,000 for the three months ended July 31, 2021. Cost of sales for the three months ended July 31, 2022 primarily consisted of cost of product costs from Mercury.

Cost of sales for the six months ended July 31, 2022 was \$71,000 as compared to \$24,000 for the six months ended July 31, 2021. Cost of sales for the six months ended July 31, 2022 primarily consisted of cost of product costs from Mercury.

Gross Profit

Gross profit for the three months ended July 31, 2022 was \$0.3 million as compared to \$0.2 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. Gross profit for the six months ended July 31, 2022 was \$0.6 million as compared to \$1.4 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021.

Operating Expenses

Operating expenses primarily consist of selling, general and administrative expenses, stock based compensation expense, and amortization and depreciation expense. Selling, general and administrative expenses primarily consist of personnel costs, consultant fees, professional fees, computer and internet expenses, marketing expenses, utilities expenses, meals and entertainment, office supplies, and reporting fees.

Operating expenses for the three months ended July 31, 2022 were \$1.7 million compared to \$0.1 million for the three months ended July 31, 2021. The primary reason for the increase was due to stock based compensation of \$0.7 million, marketing expenses of \$0.1 million, professional fees of \$0.1 million, and the acquisitions of 832, Mercury, and Vengar.

Operating expenses for the six months ended July 31, 2022 were \$3.7 million compared to \$0.9 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. The primary reason for the increase was due to stock based compensation of \$1.5 million, marketing expenses of \$0.4 million, professional fees of \$0.3 million, and the acquisitions of 832, Mercury, and Vengar.

Income (Loss) from Operations

Loss from operations for the three months ended July 31, 2022 was \$1.4 million compared to income from operations of \$0.1 million for the three months ended July 31, 2021. The primary reasons for the decrease in income from operations was due to the increase in operating expenses as discussed above.

Loss from operations for the six months ended July 31, 2022 was \$3.1 million compared to income from operations of \$0.5 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. The primary reasons for the decrease in income from operations was due to the decrease in revenue and increase in operating expenses as discussed above.

Adjusted EBITDA

The Company reports all financial information required in accordance with GAAP. The Company believes, however, that evaluating its ongoing operating results will be enhanced if it also discloses certain non-GAAP information.

Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined by the Company as net income (loss) plus net interest income, income tax (benefit) expense, depreciation and amortization, and stock based compensation.

Adjusted EBITDA should not be considered an alternative to net income, operating income, net cash provided by operating activities or any other measure of financial performance or liquidity presented in accordance with GAAP. In addition, Adjusted EBITDA presented by other companies may not be comparable to our presentation, since each company may define these terms differently.

The table below reconciles Adjusted EBITDA, which is a non-GAAP financial measure, to net income (loss).

	For	the Three Mo	Ended July	For the Six Months Ended July 31,				
		2022		2021		2022		2021
		<u>.</u>		(in thou	sands))		
Net income (loss)	\$	(2,668)	\$	2,542	\$	(4,122)	\$	3,307
Add:								
Income tax benefit		(782)		-		(1,194)		-
Stock based compensation		678		-		1,481		-
Depreciation and amortization		50		23		100		23
Net interest (income) expense		13		(16)		26		(41)
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(2,709)	\$	2,549	\$	(3,709)	\$	3,289

Analysis of Cash Flows

Operating Activities

Net cash used in operating activities was \$1.6 million for the six months ended July 31, 2022. We had net loss of \$4.1 million, which included fair value adjustments to cryptocurrency of \$2.2 million, due to decreases in the values of cryptocurrencies, and stock based compensation of \$1.5 million.

Net cash provided by operating activities was \$0.8 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. We had net income of \$3.3 million, which included fair value adjustments to cryptocurrency of \$2.4 million, due to increases in the values of cryptocurrencies.

Investing Activities

Net cash used in investing activities was \$0.6 million for the six months ended July 31, 2022, compared to net cash used in investing activities of \$0.2 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. During the six months ended July 31, 2022, we had capital expenditures of \$0.6 million. During the six months ended July 31, 2021, we purchased \$0.3 million of cryptocurrencies and sold \$0.1 million of cryptocurrencies.

Financing Activities

Net cash provided by financing activities was \$1.5 million for the six months ended July 31, 2022, compared to \$0.3 million for the six months ended July 31, 2021. During the six months ended July 31, 2022, we sold 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock for \$1.0 million and two warrants were exercised for a total of 500,000 shares of common stock resulting in the Company receiving \$0.5 million. During the six months ended July 31, 2021, we had proceeds from issuance of common stock of \$0.5 million and borrowings of debt of \$0.3 million, which was partially offset by the debt payment of \$0.5 million to a related party.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

Our cash on hand as of July 31, 2022 was \$0.3 million. Based on our revenues, cash on hand, cryptocurrency holdings, and current monthly burn rate, the Company can sustain its operations going forward.

We fund operations primarily through cash on hand and cash from sales of cryptocurrencies and common stock.

On March 17, 2022, our board approved the conversion of 2,000,000 shares of blank check preferred stock into 2,000,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock, par value \$0.0001. On April 19, 2022, the Company sold 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock for \$1.0 million. On June 14, 2022, our board of directors approved the early conversion of 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock into 560,928 shares of common stock.

On April 19, 2022, two warrants were exercised for a total of 500,000 shares of common stock resulting in the Company receiving \$0.5 million.

On July 27, 2022, we launched EB Control, our patent-pending, zero-trust data protection solution, which was developed by Vengar.

On August 11, 2022, our board of directors approved the sale of our 2021 Cadillac Escalade to Eric Jaffe, our former chief executive officer and current board member, for \$91,983. Mr. Jaffe paid for the vehicle with 26,662 shares of his Company common stock.

On August 14, our board of directors approved the sale of 10 million HEX tokens to Michael Hawkins for \$450,000.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

We did not have any material off-balance sheet arrangements as of July 31, 2022.

Going Concern

Our financial statements are prepared in accordance with GAAP, which contemplates the realization of assets and liquidation of liabilities in the normal course of business. Because the business is relatively new and has a short history and relatively few sales, no certainty of continuation can be stated. The accompanying consolidated financial statements for the three and six months ended July 31, 2022 and 2021 have been prepared assuming that we will continue as a going concern, which contemplates the realization of assets and satisfaction of liabilities in the normal course of business.

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures about Market Risk

We are a smaller reporting company and therefore, we are not required to provide information required by this Item of Form 10-Q.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

Evaluation of Disclosure Controls and Procedures

Disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) under the Exchange Act) are designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed in reports filed or submitted under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in SEC rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed to ensure that such information is accumulated and communicated to management, including the principal executive officer and principal financial officer, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosures.

We carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of management, including our principal executive officer and principal financial officer, of the effectiveness of the design and operation of our disclosure controls and procedures as of January 31, 2022. In designing and evaluating the disclosure controls and procedures, management recognizes that there are inherent limitations to the effectiveness of any system of disclosure controls and procedures, including the possibility of human error and the circumvention or overriding of the controls and procedures.

Accordingly, even effective disclosure controls and procedures can only provide reasonable assurance of achieving their desired control objectives. Additionally, in evaluating and implementing possible controls and procedures, management is required to apply its reasonable judgment. Based on the evaluation described above, our principal executive officer and principal financial officer concluded that our disclosure controls and procedures were not effective as of the end of the period covered by this report because we did not document our Sarbanes-Oxley Act Section 404 internal controls and procedures.

As funds become available to us, we expect to implement additional measures to improve disclosure controls and procedures such as implementing and documenting our internal controls procedures.

Changes in internal controls over financial reporting

There have been no changes in our internal control over financial reporting during the quarter ended July 31, 2022 that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, our internal control over financial reporting.

Limitations on the Effectiveness of Controls

A control system, no matter how well designed and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the control system's objectives will be met. The Company's management, including its principal executive officer and its principal financial officer, do not expect that the Company's disclosure controls will prevent or detect all errors and all fraud. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Company have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Controls can also be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by management override of the controls. The design of any system of controls is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions. Over time, controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or deterioration in the degree of compliance with associated policies or procedures. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

PART II - OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

The Company is not involved in any legal proceedings which management believes will have a material effect upon the financial condition of the Company, nor are any such material legal proceedings anticipated.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

As a smaller reporting company, we are not required to provide the information required by this Item.

Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

On April 19, 2022, the Company sold 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock for \$1.0 million. On June 14, 2022, our board of directors approved the early conversion of 250,000 shares of Series C Preferred Stock into 560,928 shares of common stock.

On April 19, 2022, two warrants were exercised for a total of 500,000 shares of common stock resulting in the Company receiving \$0.5 million.

Item 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 4. Mine Safety Disclosures

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 5. Other Information

There have been no events that are required to be reported under this Item.

Item 6. Exhibits

31.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
31.2	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
32.1	Certification of Principal Executive Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
<u>32.2</u>	Certification of Principal Financial Officer pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
101.INS	Inline XBRL Instance Document (the instance document does not appear in the Interactive Data File because its XBRL tags are embedded within the Inline XBRL document).
101.SCH	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Schema Document.
101.CAL	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Calculation Linkbase Document.
101.DEF	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Definition Linkbase Document.
101.LAB	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Labels Linkbase Document.
101.PRE	Inline XBRL Taxonomy Extension Presentation Linkbase Document.
104	Cover Page Interactive Data File (formatted as inline XBRL and contained in Exhibit 101).

Dated: September 14, 2022

Dated: September 14, 2022

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

Everything Blockchain, Inc.

By: /s/ Toney Jennings

Toney Jennings

Its: Interim Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

By: <u>/s/ William Regan</u> William Regan

Its: Interim Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Executive Officer

I, Toney Jennings, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Everything Blockchain, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: September 14, 2022 By: /s/ Toney Jennings

Toney Jennings

Its: Interim Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

Rule 13a-14(a)/15d-14(a) Certification of Principal Financial Officer

I, William Regan, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of Everything Blockchain, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Dated: September 14, 2022 By: /s/ William Regan

William Regan

Its: Interim Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 USC SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2022 of Everything Blockchain, Inc. (the "Company"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about the date hereof (the "Report"), I, Toney Jennings, Interim Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) Information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: September 14, 2022 By: /s/ Toney Jennings

Toney Jennings

Its: Interim Chief Executive Officer (Principal Executive Officer)

This certification accompanies this report on Form 10-Q pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by such Act, be deemed filed by the Company for purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 USC SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the quarter ended July 31, 2022 of Everything Blockchain, Inc. (the "Company"), as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on or about the date hereof (the "Report"), I, William Regan, Interim Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

(1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of Sections 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and

(2) Information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Dated: September 14, 2022 By: /s/ William Regan

William Regan

Its: Interim Chief Financial Officer (Principal Financial Officer)

This certification accompanies this report on Form 10-Q pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 and shall not, except to the extent required by such Act, be deemed filed by the Company for purpose of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended.